

Digital commons @ the EC

State of play and future prospects

14 June 2023

What are digital commons?

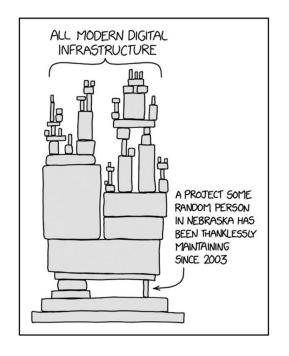
"Digital commons are non-rivalrous and non-exclusive digital resources defined by shared production, maintenance and governance. Under the right conditions, digital commons contribute to the preservation of the collective control and valuation of data, and consequently to improve the security of digital tools and innovations"

Declaration by the Presidency of the Council of the European Union calling for a European Initiative for Digital Commons

Examples include open source software, open hardware, open design, open standards (internet commons), open data.



Strategic perspective







JANUARY 13, 2022 • STATEMENTS AND RELEASES

Today, the White House convened government and private sector stakeholders to discuss initiatives to improve the security of open source software and ways new collaboration could rapidly drive improvements. Software is ubiquitous across every sector of our economy and foundational to the products and services Americans use every day. Most

10-Point Open Source and Software Supply Chain Security Mobilization Plan Released with Initial Pledges Surpassing \$30M

WASHINGTON, DC - May 12, 2022 - The Linux Foundation and the Open Source Software Security Foundation (OpenSSF) brought together over 90 executives from 37 companies and government leaders from the NSC, ONCD, CISA, NIST, DOE, and OMB to reach a consensus on key actions to take to improve the resiliency and security of open source software.



Economic perspective



The study predicts that an increase of 10% in contributions to Open Source Software code would annually generate an additional 0.4% - 0.6% GDP and more than 600 additional ICT start-ups in the EU

https://digital-strategy.ec.europa.eu/en/library/study-about-impact-opensource-software-and-hardware-technological-independencecompetitiveness-and



Geopolitical perspective



- An analysis of the United States, Chinese and European cases show that government involvement in open source is not only pragmatic; it is increasingly politicised, and serves to uphold governments' ambitions for national security, international influence, or digital sovereignty.
- The study highlights the dilemmas that emerge for public authorities from the tensions between the desire to secure universally used, critical open source components, the desire to develop "sovereign" technologies, and the risk of encroaching on the horizontal and decentralised functioning of open source.



Digital Commons: A momentum

SOVEREIGN TECH FUND







The UN Secretary-General's Objectives and Actions

Upholding Human Rights

Make sure that human rights are the foundation for an open, safe and secure digital future.

Digital Cooperation for the SDGs Agile Governance of AI and other Emerging Make targeted investments in digital public infrastructure and **Technologies** ensuring that digital tools are a force multiplier on the Goals. Ensure the design and use of AI and other emerging human control.

technologies is transparent, reliable, safe and under accountable

Inclusive, Open, Secure and Shared Internet

Safeguard the free and shared nature of the Internet, and reinforce accountable multistakeholder governance.

Digital Trust and Security

according to their respective mandates.

Ensure digital cooperation is inclusive and enables all relevant stakeholders to contribute meaningfully

Global Digital Commons

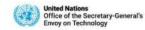
Strengthen cooperation, develop robust criteria for digital platforms and build capacity to make the internet safe.

Digital Connectivity and Capacity Building

Empower people, through digital skills and capabilities, to participate fully in the digital economy

Data Protection and Empowerment

Ensure data is governed for the benefit of all, by making sure people have capacity and tools to meaningfully participate online.







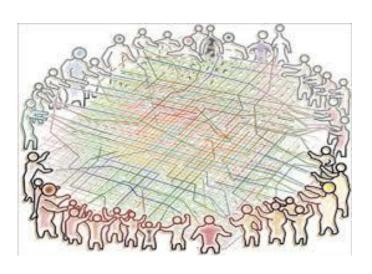
Why Digital Commons are important to Europe?

Sovereignty narrative

- Permission-less innovation
- Autonomous use and operations
- No lock-in

European Declaration on Digital Rights and Principles

- Privacy protection
- User control and choice
- Portability
- Inclusion
- Decentralisation



Trust narrative

- Transparency
- No central control

Collaboration & Development

- Interoperability
- Affordable technology



NGI Contributions: State of Play

Over 4.5 years in operations, we have built a unique eco-system of highly talented innovators driven by meaning and values who change the course of the Internet

1000 projects awarded mobilising €80M

15% success rate in open calls

1000+
innovators engaged,
out of which 83%
have never received
EU funding before

Today
100%
open source



Technology Building Blocks: Internet Commons

SSI **Applications** 139 51 DID Data and Al (email, instant messaging, **IRMA** videochat, collaboration, etc.) **IPFS** F-droid 136 Decentralised solutions **Qubes OS** (incl. blockchain/ Replicant OS Engineering, 209 distributed ledger) Maemo Leste Scion ptography, orithms, Proofs Nixos Operating Systems, Firmware **PowerDNS** & Virtualization **OpenPGP** Tor Let's connect **Network Infrastructure** Software Wireguard (incl. routing, P2P and VPN) Nitrokey Libre SOC Trustworthy hardware and manufacturing Balthazar RISC V Phone

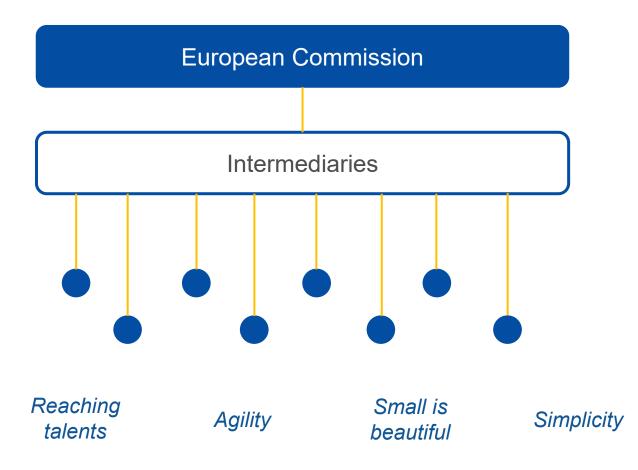
Vertical Use Cases, **86** Search & Community Middleware & Identity (incl. DNS, authorisation, 54 authentication) Measurement, 40 Monitoring, 31 Analysis & 165 Abuse Handling

BigBlueButton Jisti Sylk Deltachat Matrix **Thunderbird** Xwiki Cryptpad Fediverse **ActivityPub** Peertube Wordpress LibreOffice Nextcloud Solid OpenFoodFacts OpenStreetMap Software Heritage Searx



85

Why cascading?





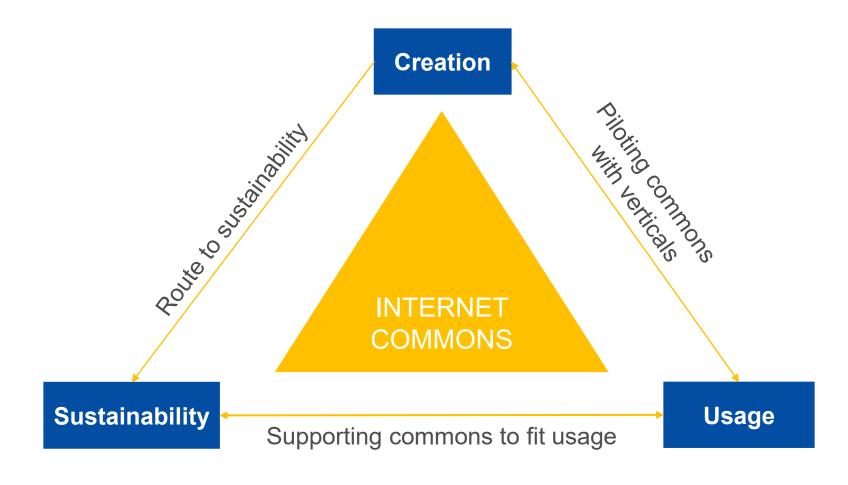
Scale

Mentoring

Complementary



How NGI contributes to internet commons?





The route to sustainability







The importance of **foundations** for taking care of commons

From the Study on Open Source:

- "Foundations are a significant driver in OSSH ecosystems"
- Considering "Foundation for [creating] Foundations as an umbrella organisation may be beneficial in helping smaller projects"
- Recommends "To transfer OSS projects to foundations"

According to https://flossfoundations.org/foundation-directory/ there are 161 open source foundations: 76,4% in the USA, 12,4% in Europe, 11,2% RoW

Private business exploiting open source business models









The open source life-cycle for internet commons: NGI partnership proposal

Maturing services: Community - Security audits Legal hosting Legal establishment animation (umbrella) Accessibility audits Staffing Synergies Secretariat Sustainable Translation Mentoring Community Funding model Early standardisation Standardisation Maintenance and grow of - Packaging manager Open calls Governance Governance the commons **IPR** Grants advice Pre-Maturing Early ideas/ Critical Mass Foundations Foundation phase concepts time

NGI moved a dozen of projects to the pre-foundation stage (e.g. filesender, let's connect, cryptech, corteza, inter-wide, postmasterOS, CASPER...).



Supporting commons to fit usage

Maintenance dimension

Support to innovators in a broad range of areas including quality, security, accessibility, privacy, open source licensing, or documentation.

HORIZON-CL4-2021-HUMAN-01-09 NGI Tech Review (CSA) 1.5M€ awarded

Internet of trust dimension

Supporting existing commons towards better privacy protection, user control, choices, portability of data and services, inclusion, more decentralisation









Piloting NGI commons with verticals

HORIZON-CL4-2023-HUMAN-01-12: Pilots for the Next Generation Internet (IA)

- Foster the take up of Next Generation Internet (NGI) technologies and solutions in Europe by integrating them in a variety of industrial and societal use cases, enabling the emergence of internet ecosystems supporting the needs of specific sectors...
- NGI Pilots will make use of the rich portfolio of technologies and tools developed in the NGI programme
- Focus will be on open source solutions (both software and hardware) and their integration and adoption in vertical use cases
- A minimum of 15% of the total requested EU contribution should be allocated to financial support to third parties, selected through open calls.



Inter-Governemental Activities



- A one-stop shop for commoners to easily find funding opportunity and assistance
- Call for commons proposals: a group of leading MS would collectively launch a call for proposals targeting strategic digital commons
- Establishing a European foundation for digital commons as a long-term action. Involve commoners as well as private sector
- « Digital commons first » both in usage and creation



Inter-Governemental Activities

Ivan Bartoš, Deputy Prime Minister for Digitisation, at the Tallin Digital Summit 2022: « If we want to take it seriously at European level we shall think of its **institutionalisation** »

Bring together
Member States'
initiatives and
avoid
overlapping

Build critical mass and scale at European level

Create instruments for shared governance

Bring strategic view on what is essentially bottom-up today

An European Digital Infrastructure Consortium (EDIC) has potential in terms of shared governance, access to funding and setting-up flexibility to be the instrument of choice for the desired institutionalisation.

(Provisional) Conclusion

- Bridging the gap between contributors to commons & decision makers
- Instilling top-down elements in what is essentially a bottom-up
 - Investing in bottom-up is already a strategic move
 - Not re-inventing the wheel
 - Critical mass and alignment is key
- Moving beyond 0.1%
 - Momentum: crisis of trust, deep fake & Large Language Models
 - Trust models



Thank you



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